APPENDICES

1. pre-observation permit



Jl. Perintis Kemerdekaar 1/33 Cikokol - Kota Tangerang Tlp/Fax : (021) 553 9532. Website: fkip-umt.ac.id

Nomor

: 2122/REK/III.3.AU/FKIP/F/2024

Lampiran Perihal

: Permohonan Izin Observasi Awal

Kepada Yth. Pimpinan

UNIVERSITAS MUHAMMADIYAH TANGERANG

Tempat

Assalamu'alaikum Wr. Wb.

Dalam rangka observasi awal untuk membuat proposal penelitian tugas akhir/skripsi dimohonkan untuk memberi ijin kepada mahasiswa,

Nama

: DZIHNI KHAIRINA TAMAMI

NIM

: 2088203056

Program Studi

: Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris

agar dapat mengadakan Observasi Awal untuk proposal penelitian tugas akhir/skripsi yang berjudul:

"THE CORRELATION BETWEEN UNIVERSITY STUDENTS' PERCEPTION ON CHAT-GPT PLATFORM AND THEIR CRITICAL THINKING"

Demikian surat permohonan observasi awal ini disampaikan, atas perhatian dan kerjasamanya diucapkan terima kasih.

Nasrun Minallah Wafathun Qaarib. Wassalamu'alaikum Wr. Wb.

> Tangerang, 10 Juni 2024 Vakil Dekan I,

khfi Imaniah, M.Pd TBM, 109 4923

2. Data collection permit



Jl. Perintis Kemerdekaan 1/33 Cikokol - Kota Tangerang Tlp/Fax : (021) 553 9532 Website: fkip-umt.ac.id

Nomor

: 2123/REK/III.3.AU/FKIP/F/2024

Lampiran

: Permohonan Izin Penelitian (Pengambilan Data) Perihal

Kepada

Yth. Bapak/Ibu Kepala Sekolah UNIVERSITAS MUHAMMADIYAH TANGERANG Di Tempat

Assalamu'alaikum Wr. Wb.

Dalam rangka penelitian untuk menyelesaikan tugas akhir/skripsi dimohonkan untuk memberi ijin kepada mahasiswa,

Nama : DZIHNI KHAIRINA TAMAMI

NIM : 2088203056

Program Studi : Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris

agar dapat mengadakan Penelitian Pengambilan Data untuk tugas akhir/skripsi yang berjudul:

"UNIVERSITAS MUHAMMADIYAH TANGERANG"

Demikian surat permohonan penelitian ini disampaikan atas perhatian dan kerjasamanya diucapkan terimakasih.

Nasrun Minallah Wafathun Qaarib. Wassalamu'alaikum Wr. Wb.

> chfi Imania BM. 109 4923

Tangerang, 10 Juni 2024 kil Dekan I,

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3. advisor designation



JI. Perintis Kemerdekaan 1/33 Cikokol - Kota Tangerang Tlp/Fax : (021) 553 9532 Website: fkip-umt.ac.id

SURAT KEPUTUSAN DEKAN FAKULTAS KEGURUAN DAN ILMU PENDIDIKAN UNIVERSITAS MUHAMMADIYAH TANGERANG NOMOR 001/KEP/FKIP/IX/2023

Tentang

PENGANGKATAN DOSEN PEMBIMBING PENULISAN SKRIPSI TAHUN AKADEMIK 2023/2024

Bismillahirrahmaanirrahiim,

Dekan Fakultas Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan Universitas Muhammadiyah Tangerang, setelah:

Menimban

- Bahwa untuk kelancaran penulisan skripsi yang akan dilakukan oleh mahasiswa, perlu ditunjuk Dosen Pembimbing Skripsi I dan II.
 - Bahwa untuk keperluan dimaksud dipandang perlu ditetapkan dengan keputusan Dekan.

Mengingat

- Undang-Undang Nomor 20 Tahun 2003 Tentang Sistem Pendidikan Nasional;
 - 2. Undang-Undang Nomor 12 Tahun 2012 Tentang Perguruan Tinggi;
 - Peraturan Pemerintah Nomor 4 Tahun 2014 Tentang Penyelenggaraan Pendidikan Tinggi dan Pengelolaan Perguruan Tinggi;
 - Peraturan Pemerintah Nomor 57 Tahun 2021 Tentang Standar Nasional Pendidikan;
 - Peraturan Menteri Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan Nomor 3 Tahun 2020 Tentang Standar Nasional Pendidikan Tinggi;
 - Pedoman PP Muhammadiyah Nomor 01/PTM/I.0/B/2012 Tentang Majlis Pendidikan Tinggi;
 - Pedoman PP Muhammadiyah Nomor 02/PED/I.0/B/2012 Tentang Perguruan Tinggi Muhammadiyah;
 - Ketentuan Majlis Dikti PP Muhammadiyah Nomor 178/KET/L3/D/2012 Tentang Penjabaran Pedoman PP Muhammadiyah.

Memperhatikan

- Kualitas Sumber Daya Manusia di Fakultas Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan Universitas Muhammadiyah Tangerang.
 - Hasil rapat pimpinan Fakultas dan Program Studi pada tanggal 6 Juni 2023.

MEMUTUSKAN

Menetapkan Pertama

Surat Keputusan Dekan Fakultas Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan Universitas Muhammadiyah Tangerang nomor 001/KEP/FKIP/IX/2023 Tentang Pengangkatan Dosen Pembimbing Penulisan Skripsi Tahun Akademik 2023/2024.

UNIVERSITAS MUHAMMADIYAH TANGERANG

TAS KEGURUAN DAN ILMU PENDIDIKAN

Sekaan 133 Citiokal - Kota Tangerang Tip/Fax (021) 553 9532 Website: (liup-umbacid

Kedus

Menunjuk dan menugaskan kepada:

M. Abduh Al-Manar, M.Pd. Nama

NBM 122 8292 Sebagai Dosen Pembimbing I

Nama Abdul Rohim, M.Pd.

NBM 121 4344 Sebagai Dosen Pembimbing II

Untuk membimbing penulisan skripsi mahasiswa:

Nama DZIHNI KHAIRINA TAMAMI

NIM 2088203056

Program Studi Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris

Judul Skripsi THE CORRELATION BETWEEN UNIVERSITY

STUDENTS' PERCEPTION ON CHAT-GPT PLATFORM AND THEIR CRICITAL THINKING

Ketiga

Dosen Pembimbing I dan Pembimbing II bertugas membimbing penulisan skripsi sesuai dengan kaidah penelitian dan pedoman penulisan skripsi Fakultas Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan Universitas Muhammadiyah

Tangerang.

Keempat Biaya yang dikeluarkan adanya keputusan ini dibebankan pada anggaran

penulisan skripsi Fakultas Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan Universitas

Muhammadiyah Tangerang Tahun Akademik 2023/2024.

Kelima Keputusan ini berlaku sejak tanggal ditetapkan sampai ada keputusan lain

yang merubahnya, dengan ketentuan akan diadakan perbaikan apabila dikemudian hari terdapat kekeliruan didalamnya.

Demikianlah surat keputusan ini dibuat untuk dilaksanakan dengan sebaik-baiknya.

Ditetapkan di Tangerang

Pada Tanggal 19 Safar 1445 H

4 September 2023 M

Dekan Fakultas Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan.

Sumivani, M.Pd. NBM. 819886

4. guidance appointment notes

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Nama Mahasiswa	Dzihni khairi 122 8292	110	
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PROGRAM STUDI PENDIDIKAN BAHASA INGGRIS

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Nama Mahasiswa: Dzi hni Khairina Tamami

NPM: 122 8292

Dosen Pembimbing: M. Abduh Al-Manar, M. Pd.

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UNIVERSITAS MUHAMMADIYAH TANGERANG FAKULTAS KEGURUAN DAN ILMU PENDIDIKAN

PROGRAM STUDI PENDIDIKAN BAHASA INGGRIS

JURNAL BIMBINGAN SKRIPSI

JUDUL SKRIPSI: The Correlation between university Students' perception on Chat-6PT platform and their Critical Hinking

Nama Mahasiswa : Dzihni khairina Tamami

: 1214344

Dosen Pembimbing: Abdul Rohim, M. Pd.

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5. instrument validation

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Likert Scale

Scale	Description
1	Not very Relevant
2	Not Relevant
3	Neutral
4	Relevant
5	Very Relevant

In accordance with Likert Scale, I as Professional Validator, hereby states that the instrument is *) Valid/Not Valid to be used in the research.

Tangerang, 20 December 2023

Validator

Dr. Ikhfi Imaniah, M.Pd.

NBM: 1094923

Validity of Research Instrument Approval

Aspect	Criteria	Scale					
		1	2	3	4	5	
Content The instrument	The instrument used is in accordance with the student's perception						
	The instrument used in accordance with the student's critical thinking.	T					
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Likert Scale

Scale	Description
1	Not very Relevant
2	Not Relevant
3	Neutral
4	Relevant
5	Very Relevant

In accordance with Likert Scale, I as Professional Validator, hereby states that the instrument is *) Valid/Not Valid to be used in the research.

Tangerang, 20 December 2023

Validator

Dr. Ikhfi Imaniah M.Pd.

NBM: 1094923

6. mini-thesis proposal seminar approval sheet

APPROVAL SHEET

Name : Dzihni Khairina Tamami

Student ID Number : 2088203056

Study Program : English Education Study Program

Thesis Title : THE CORRELATION BETWEEN UNIVERSITY

STUDENTS' PERCEPTION ON CHAT-GPT PLATFORM AND THEIR CRITICAL THINKING

This research proposal has been approved by the advisor team to follow the minithesis seminar.

Tangerang, 5 January 2024

Advisor Team:

Advisor I

M. Abduh Al-Manar, M.Pd.

NBM. 122 8292

Advisor II

Abdul Rohim, M.Pd.

NBM. 121 4344

Head of English Education Study Program

Yudhic Indra Gunawan, M.Pd

NBM. 114 6134

7. record of approval

BERITA ACARA PELAKSANAAN SEMINAR PROPOSAL SKRIPSI

	16 Januari 2024 pukul 09.45 bertempat di Fakultas Keguruan dan as, telah diselenggarakan Seminar Proposal Skripsi terhadap
Nama	Dzihni Khairina Tamami
NIM	2088203056
Program Studi	SI - Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris
Judul Proposal Skripsi	THE CORRELATION BETWEEN UNIVERSITY STUDENTS' PERCEPTION ON CHAT-GPT PLATFORM AND THEIR CRITICAL THINKING
Dengan tim penguji:	
1. Dr. Ikhfi Imaniah, !	M.Pd. (Penguji 1)
M. Abduh Al-Mana	ar, M.Pd. (Penguji 2)
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8. critical thinking test questions

Critical thinking assessment adapted from (Glaser & Watson, 2015) & (Imaniah, 2022)

INFERENCE

Statement 1:

Although it is agreed that China is rapidly modernizing its army, there is some doubt surrounding the exact amount it is spending. The research institute 'PIPPI', submits that the annual Chinese defense spending has risen from almost \$31 billion in 2000 to over \$120 billion in 2010. This figure is almost double the official figure published by the Chinese government, who fail to include other areas such as research and development in the official figure each year. In 2010, the United States government spent around \$400 billion on military defense. Based on the current level of military growth, statistics suggest that China's defense spending could overtake America's by 2030. In addition to military spending, China's army continues to enjoy the largest number of people within the ranks of its army than any other country.

- 1. Inference 1: The official figures published by the Chinese government in relation to their military spending are thought to be misleading.
 - True
 - Probably True
 - o More Information Required
 - Probably False
 - o False
- Inference 2: It is known that the Chinese government leaves areas such as 'research' and 'development from their official figures, however, this would also suggest that other areas of spending are also omitted from the official figure.
 - o True
 - o Probably True
 - o More Information Required
 - o Probably False
 - False
- 3. Inference 3: The Chinese government omits several key areas from its official spending figures, in areas such as military spending, agriculture, human rights and law.
 - o True
 - o Probably True
 - More Information Required

- o Probably False
- o False
- 4. Inference 5: In 2010 the United States of America spent less on its military defenses than the Chinese government.
 - o True
 - o Probably True
 - More Information Required
 - o Probably False
 - o False

Statement 2:

Turkey is a surprising addition to the list of rapidly developing economies; with a GDP increase of 8.5% in the year 2011 alone. However, such rapid growth leaves worries regarding possible side-effects. For instance, in 2011 Turkey's rate of inflation was well above that of its peers. Secondly, there is increasing concern regarding Turkey's growing dependency on foreign capital. A large portion of the Turkish banking system is part-owned by banks within the Eurozone. As the single currency falters, such a dependency raises questions about the stability of Turkish growth.

- 5. Inference 1: There are concerns that Turkey's development is at risk of faltering in the years after 2011.
 - o True
 - o Probably True
 - More Information Required
 - o Probably False
 - o False
- 6. Inference 2: As Turkish banks are part-owned by those in the Eurozone, they may suffer if the European banks face financial difficulty.
 - o True
 - o Probably True
 - More Information Required
 - Probably False
 - False
- 7. Inference 4: Turkish banks are part owned by European banks as this provides greater economic links with the Eurozone, helping their ascension into the European Union.
 - o True
 - o Probably True

- o More Information Required
- o Probably False
- o False
- 8. Inference 5: The Turkish economy was surprisingly stagnant in 2011.
 - o True
 - o Probably True
 - o More Information Required
 - o Probably False
 - o False

ASSUMPTION

Statement 1:

Monarchic nations, i.e. those with royal families, differ from republican nations in several ways. An example of this difference is that citizens of monarchic nations pay more tax than citizens of republican nations.

- 9. Assumption 1: The governments of monarchic nations are responsible for setting tax rates on their citizens.
 - o Assumption Made
 - Assumption Not Made
- 10. Assumption 2: Republican nations do not have a royal family.
 - o Assumption Made
 - Assumption Not Made
- 11. Assumption 3: The only types of nation are monarchic and republican.
- Assumption Made
- Assumption Not Made
- 12. Assumption 4: A monarchic nation cannot be a republican nation.
- Assumption Made
- Assumption Not Made

Statement 2:

Chilean students were right in 2012 to stage protests demanding that university education in Chile should be made free.

- 13. Assumption 1: Some Universities outside of Chile are free.
- Assumption Made
- Assumption Not Made
- 14. Assumption 2: Staging protests will influence the costs of Chilean university education.
 - o Assumption Made
 - o Assumption Not Made
- 15. Assumption 3: Chilean students cannot afford to pay fees for university education.
 - o Assumption Made
 - Assumption Not Made
- 16. Assumption 4: Chilean students want to attend university.
 - o Assumption Made
 - o Assumption Not Made

DEDUCTION

Statement 1:

Sarah owns a new company. New companies are more likely to fail than wellestablished companies. Therefore:

- 17. Conclusion One: Sarah's company will fail.
 - Conclusion Follows
 - Conclusion Does Not Follow
- 18. Conclusion two: Well-established companies are more likely to succeed than new companies.
 - Conclusion Follows
 - Conclusion Does Not Follow
- 19. Conclusion three: Sarah's company is more likely to fail than a well-established company.
 - Conclusion Follows
 - Conclusion Does Not Follow

Statement 2: Statistics have shown that companies selling baked goods, such as cakes and pastries, are more likely to be successful if they are advertised as French or Belgian. Therefore:

- 20. Conclusion One: French and Belgian products are more expensive.
 - Conclusion Follows
 - Conclusion Does Not Follow
- 21. Conclusion Two: French and Belgian baked goods must taste better.
 - Conclusion Follows
 - Conclusion Does Not Follow
- 22. Conclusion Three: It is a sound business model to advertise baked goods as "French" or "Belgian" as this is more likely to result in successful sales.
 - Conclusion Follows
 - Conclusion Does Not Follow

Statement 3:

May 2012 had the highest level of rainfall on record for the preceding fifty years. Predictions of rainfall are rarely accurate. Therefore:

- 23. Conclusion One: It rained more than expected in May 2012.
 - Conclusion Follows
 - Conclusion Does Not Follow
- 24. Conclusion Two: The rainfall in May 2012 was greater than in May 2011.
 - Conclusion Follows
 - Conclusion Does Not Follow

INTERPRETING INFORMATION

Statement 1:

The British National Library has the largest collection of publicly-owned books in the United Kingdom. Therefore:

- 25. Conclusion One: There might be a larger collection of books in the United Kingdom.
 - o Conclusion Follows
 - Conclusion Does Not Follow

- 26. Conclusion Two: There might be a larger collection of publicly-owned books in the United Kingdom.
 - o Conclusion Follows
 - Conclusion Does Not Follow
- 27. Conclusion Three: The British National Library is in the United Kingdom
 - Conclusion Follows
 - Conclusion Does Not Follow

Statement 2:

People with a master's degree in business administration (MBA) earn an income on average 70% higher than people with just an undergraduate degree. MBA students from top business schools earn an income on average 50% higher than the average income of people with MBAS.

- 28. Conclusion One: If a person obtains an MBA, their income will increase.
 - Conclusion Follows
 - Conclusion Does Not Follow
- 29. Conclusion Two: If a person obtains an MBA from a top business school, their income will be higher than that of the average MBA graduate.
 - Conclusion Follows
 - Conclusion Does Not Follow

Statement 3:

Hannah has been a solicitor for three years. She works for a law firm in central London and has hopes of being promoted. To be promoted in Hannah's firm, employees must have at least four years' experience practising as a solicitor. Therefore:

- 30. Conclusion One: Hannah cannot be promoted because she doesn't have enough experience.
 - Conclusion Follows
 - Conclusion Does Not Follow
- 31. Conclusion Two: We cannot know whether Hannah can be promoted or not.
 - Conclusion Follows
 - Conclusion Does Not Follow

- 32. Conclusion Three: In 3 years time, assuming that Hannah has not been promoted, she will be over qualified for her current position.
 - o Conclusion Follows
 - Conclusion Does Not Follow

ARGUMENTS

Statement 1:

Should university-level education be free to all students?

- 33. Argument One: No. Too much education can lead to over-qualification, and therefore unemployment.
 - Strong Argument
 - Weak Argument
- 34. Argument Two: Yes, having a highly qualified workforce ensures high levels of employee productivity in organisations.
 - Strong Argument
 - Weak Argument
- 35. Argument Three: No, research has shown that students that are not required to pay tuition fees; tend to slack off more and learn less during their degree.
 - Strong Argument
 - Weak Argument

Statement 2:

Should employers allow all staff the option of flexi-time working hours?

- 36. Argument One: Yes, giving staff greater flexibility will improve their worklife balance, and therefore their productivity.
 - Strong Argument
 - Weak Argument
- 37. Argument Two: Yes, organisations that value their staff are on average more productive and show lower staff turnover.
 - Strong Argument
 - Weak Argument
- 38. Argument Three: No, flexi time leads to employees working fewer hours. Working fewer hours will decrease an employee's exposure to the

workplace, making career progression harder and leading to a less experienced workforce.

- o Strong Argument
- Weak Argument

Statement 3:

Should governments implement a minimum wage, outlining a minimum amount an employee is to be paid per hour?

- 39. Argument One: Yes, the existence of minimum wages is a key part of a civilised society.
 - Strong Argument
 - Weak Argument
- 40. Argument Two: Yes, countries that do not have a minimum wage are often impoverished and dysfunctional.
 - Strong Argument
 - Weak Argument

9. perception questionnaires

STUDENTS PERCEPTION QUESTIONNAIRE adapted from (Buabbas et al., 2023)

STATEMENT	SA	Α	N	D	SD
CHATGPT play a huge role in current education.					
CHATGPT will replace some features in education.					
I understand basic CHATGPT priciples					
I am comfortable in using ChatGPT					
I am comfortable with another students using ChatGPT in their					
studies					
I understand and aware of ChatGPT limitation					
ChatGPT will benefit me as a student.					
ChatGPT will benefit my career in an education field					
Students should use ChatGPT to find information					
I will be confident in using ChatGPT to look for answers of					
questions given by lecturer					
I will be confident in letting ChatGPT to create an essay answer for					
me.					
I will possess the knowledge needed to work with ChatGPT in my					
education					
I think ChatGPT will have a positive impact on my critical thinking.					
incorporating ChatGPT in education would ease the learning					
process					
Using ChatGPT in my education will not make me lazy to think and					

come up with an answer myself			
Using ChatGPT to find an answer or information is time-saving.			
ChatGPT will replace my future role as an educator.			

10. Data result Tabulation

Student's	Student's Perception																
code	Selection				Organization						ı	Interpretation					
	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	No.	N	N	N	N
	о.	о.	о.	о.	о.	о.	о.	о.	о.	о.	о.	о.	2	о.	о.	о.	о.
	1	3	4	5	6	15	9	10	11	12	14	16		7	8	13	17
1	5	3	3	2	4	4	2	2	2	4	5	5	4	5	4	3	2
2	5	3	4	3	5	5	5	3	3	4	4	5	3	5	5	4	1
3	3	4	2	3	4	2	3	3	3	4	4	4	3	4	3	4	4
4	4	4	4	3	4	1	2	3	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	3
5	5	4	4	5	3	5	4	4	4	5	3	5	4	4	4	4	4
6	4	3	2	4	3	4	3	3	3	2	3	4	4	5	4	3	2
7	4	4	4	1	2	4	5	4	4	4	4	5	4	5	5	3	3
8	5	5	5	3	5	3	5	3	3	4	5	5	3	5	5	3	1
9	3	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	2	4	5	3	2	4	4	4	1
10	4	3	3	3	4	4	4	3	2	3	4	4	3	4	3	2	1
11	5	4	3	3	3	4	3	3	2	4	3	3	4	4	4	3	3
12	5	4	1	4	5	2	5	5	5	3	4	5	3	5	5	1	2
13	5	5	1	5	4	5	3	5	5	5	3	5	4	5	5	5	1
14	4	3	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	4	4	2	3	3	4	2
15	4	3	4	3	4	3	3	4	3	4	4	4	3	4	3	4	2
16	4	3	3	4	5	2	4	3	3	4	4	5	4	4	3	3	4
17	4	4	2	3	5	3	1	4	2	5	3	2	3	4	3	4	1
18	4	3	1	3	5	5	5	3	2	3	3	4	3	5	4	5	2
19	5	4	3	2	5	5	2	1	2	3	4	5	3	4	5	3	1
20	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	4	5	4	3	2	2	3	3	3	5
Average	4,	3,	2,	3,	3,	3,	3,	3,	3,	3,	3,	4,	3,2	4,	3,	3,	2,
per-Items	1	5	8	2	9	58	5	37	11	74	68	11	1	2	8	42	26
	6	8	9	1	5		3							1	9		
Average	3,56				3,59						;	3,40					
per-																	
Compone nt																	
111							<u> </u>										

Average	Critical	Total
Student's	Thinking	student
Perception	Score	perception

30	59
22	67
28	57
19	54
26	71
22	56
24	65
25	68
19	55
30	54
27	58
18	64
26	71
24	55
17	59
23	62
30	53
16	60
29	57
20	52
23,75	
4,53	
	22 28 19 26 22 24 25 19 30 27 18 26 24 17 23 30 16 29 20

AUTOBIOGRAPHY



Dzihni Khairina Tamami was born in Tangerang, Banten, on September 28 2001. She is the second of four children of the couple Zuhrotul Tamami and Mamas Siti Masukah.

Dzihni's educational history began at SD Permata Insani

Islamic School, where she completed her basic education in 2013. While in elementary school, Dzihni took part in various extracurriculars ranging from traditional dance, English clubs, and also participated in the Mathematics and Natural Sciences Olympiad. After graduating from elementary school, Dzihni continued her education at Permata Insani Islamic School Middle School, where she graduated in 2016. During middle school, Dzihni became very interested in the cultures of foreign countries and because of that, she liked learning English.

In 2019, Dzihni graduated from SMAN 4 Tangerang with a specialization in Mathematics and Natural Sciences. High school was a period where Dzihni experienced a lot of growth and exploration, both in academic and non-academic fields. She actively participates in activities regarding culture, art, and language, such as writing monologue scripts, lyrics and being active in the Japanese language club.

Dzihni's working experience was being an English teacher at AYATRA Islamic Middle School. Dzihni also often takes part in informal teaching activities in the local area, she usually teaches basic English to local children.